

The Paducah Evening Sun.

VOL. XXIV NO. 128.

PADUCAH, KY., THURSDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 26, 1908

TEN CENTS PER WEEK

THANKSGIVING IS DULY OBSERVED AT THE CHURCHES

Four Services This Morning and Four to be Held Tonight.

W. C. T. U. Will Hold Rally This Afternoon.

SERMONS PREACHED TODAY

Services were held this morning at the First Presbyterian, Grace Episcopal and First Baptist and Christian Science churches. Tonight services will be held at the German Evangelical, German Lutheran, Cumberland Presbyterian and Fountain Avenue Methodist churches. This afternoon the W. C. T. U. will hold services at the First Baptist church.

Dr. Cave's Sermon.
At the First Presbyterian church this morning the Rev. W. E. Cave took his text from the fourth verse of the 100 psalm.

"Enter into His gates with thanksgiving and into His courts with praise. Be thankful unto Him and bless His name."

Dr. Cave said that the psalms are constant memorials to us to be thankful to God for all things. David never failed to remember the divine guidance in the affairs of men. Dr. Cave mentioned some of the things for which this nation especially has cause to be thankful, and declared that the Bible clearly admonishes us to remember the hand of Providence in all things good.

At Grace Church.
In his sermon at Grace Episcopal church, Dr. D. C. Wright said:

"The observance of a national day of Thanksgiving to Almighty God is, so far as I am able to find out, peculiar to America—no other nation has a similar observance. It is as you know a heritage from the Puritan settlers of New England, who passed as one of the very first of the laws of the new commonwealth, one setting apart a day for public fasting and prayer to Almighty God, and next a day for a public thanksgiving to Almighty God for the fruits of the ground and the other blessings of His providence. And rather strange it seems that this gracious festival, takes its rise in the midst of a people like these same Puritans, who from temperament, as well as from the training of their history, lean more to the stern things of life, the more austere duties and requirements. We can easily conceive of them setting apart the day of fasting and prayer, that seems compatible with the sternness of the character,—but a day of thanksgiving seems almost alien to their minds. And I doubt not but that the sturdy Puritan went about the duty of giving thanks with the same grim determination, the same unrelenting sense of duty to be fulfilled, as was the chief note in his whole life and character,—anything like the rejoicing, the social gatherings and merry-makings of the day with us, would not have been tolerated for a moment by him. But the fact is that in our observance of the day, we have as much authority for the rejoicing and merry-making, as we do for the more solemn act of giving of thanks. For there is no doubt but that the Puritan thanksgiving day was modeled, as were all their laws and customs, largely on the Old Testament rather than on the New,—and therefore it must be that the authority on which they acted was the establishment of the Feast of Harvest, or First Fruits, or Booths, as it was severally called. Let us then briefly consider the origin of the day and the custom according to the Old Testament. We read in the very first code of laws promulgated by Moses, that given in the book of Exodus, that among other festivals to be observed immediately on the entrance into the Land of Promise, was the 'feast of harvest, the first fruits of thy labors, which thou hast sown in the field.' As soon as the first corn was ripe in the field they were to gather the first sheaf of the same, and carry it to the tabernacle to be presented as a thank offering to Almighty God. And the week of the feast was to be kept by the people in a peculiar way,—they were to build them every man a booth or tent of green boughs and twigs, on the house top or in the court yard, and there under the green covering the whole family was to live for the seven days, during which the feast was to be kept. From this simple ceremony of living in booths, and offering to God certain elaborate sacrifices on the successive days of the feast, there arose various customs which passed into the character of laws. We read, thus that on these days, in the later times, the king was wont to stand in a wooden pulpit, erected in the temple court of the women, and there solemnly read to the people the law

Jury in Wells Case Apparently is Divided Along Factional Lines Like Everything Else in Calloway

Political Situation is Serious and Trouble May Result at Any Time—Soldiers Will be Kept on Guard There.

Murray, Ky., Nov. 26. (Special.)—The jury that was given the case of Jesse Wells, charged with contempt of court by attempting to influence a grand juror, Wednesday at noon failed to reach an agreement yesterday and was dismissed by Judge Cook until Friday morning when it will meet again to consider the case. No verdict is looked for as the jury is composed of men of both factions in county politics and the case involves to a certain extent political issues.

A great deal of criticism was expressed on the streets yesterday against Commonwealth's Attorney Denny P. Smith for a statement in his argument in the case, that was considered as a reflection upon Judge Wells. Mr. Smith is said to have made the charge that it was trust money that was being used in an attempt to corrupt the jury. That it was a fling at Judge Wells is deduced from the fact that the juror, Marr, who testified that Jesse Wells had attempted to influence him said in effect in his testimony that Wells told him that he had authority from Judge Wells to offer Marr a suitable reward. That the commonwealth's attorney should make such a charge on the unsupported statement of Marr is considered uncalled for, and he is criticized especially because he is a candidate for re-election and probably will be opposed by Judge Wells.

Situation Dangerous.
Murray, Ky., Nov. 26. (Special.)—The man who compared politics to Hades was probably conversant with the kind of politics extant in Calloway county and knew something of the existing conditions here.

The good feeling that existed just after the recent primary election when law and order candidates were successful at the polls, has dissolved.

Work of opening up Twenty-eighth street from Broadway to the Hinkleville road is progressing rapidly. All of the timber has been removed and now the stumps have been removed. The street will be about one mile long, and will be an important outlet for the west end. It is intended to continue the street south of Broadway to the Mayfield road, where it will intersect near the Burger road. When completed, there will be a street two miles long, and after graded and graveled will be ideal for automobiles and driving.

Harrison Street.
Harrison street from Twentieth street to the Pines road or Thirty-second street will be opened. The street probably will be opened by spring, but will not be graveled for some time. The improvement in the streets will improve the city, and shows that the demand for houses is increasing. Twenty-eighth street is just outside the city limits, but in the next few years probably will be annexed to the city.

of Deuteronomy. Around this court of the women were erected also great lamps, the wicks made from the cast-off vestments of the priests and the oil supplied by the sons of the priests, and so great was the illumination that the whole city was lighted by it, and took on a festive aspect. Each person appeared carrying bunches or wands of green willow branches, which they waved in unison to the singing of the temple choirs, and the whole had the appearance of a great forest of green leaves. On the last day of the seven, water was solemnly carried from the pool of reservoir of Siloam into the temple and ceremoniously poured upon the altar, doubtless in thanksgiving to God for the gift of the water, that which to the oriental is the most precious of all good things. Following the pouring of the water there was a general merry-making on the part of the people,—singing and dancing in the very temple precincts itself, so much that there arose a proverb, often quoted, 'He who has never seen the rejoicing at the pouring of the water of Siloam has never seen rejoicing in his life.' And all the week there were family meals and gatherings in the booths erected near the homes of the people.

(Continued on Page Seven.)

RACE PROBLEM IS TOUCHED UPON BY PREST. ROOSEVELT

Not Social Equality But Equality Before Law is Required of Men.

Colored Man Must So Live as to Earn Respect.

TELLS OF WONDERFUL TOWN

Washington, D. C., Nov. 26.—The colored Y. M. C. A. building corner stone was laid here today. The building will cost \$100,000.

President Roosevelt delivered the principal address. Touching on the race problem he said in the course of his speech:

"As for the white man, let him remember in this as in all other matters, that to do justice to the colored man is demanded not only by the interest of the colored man but by the interest of the white man also. Sooner or later in this community every class of citizens will feel the effect of the raising or degrading of any other class. 'All men up' is a much safer motto than 'some men down' and it is to the interest of every class of any community that the members of every other class shall feel that industry, sobriety, good behavior, the conduct that marks a man as being a good neighbor and a good citizen, should receive a proper reward, so as thereby to put a premium upon the development of such qualities. I am not speaking of social relations; I am speaking of equality of treatment before the law, of equality of opportunity to earn a living, of equality of opportunity to earn the respect that should be accorded to the man who behaves decently, and is a good neighbor and good citizen. There are plenty of difficult problems in this country, plenty of problems requiring infinite patience, forbearance, and good judgment if they are to be dealt with wisely, and which can not by any possibility receive even an approximately complete solution within a short time. What is known as the race problem is one of the most difficult; and it exists in the north as well as in the south. But of one thing we can rest assured, and that is that the only way in which to bring nearer the time when there shall be even an approximately fair solution of the problem is to treat each man on his merits as a man. He should not be treated badly because he happens to be of a given color, nor should he receive immunity for misconduct because he happens to be of a given color. Let us all strive, according to our ability and as far as the conditions will permit, to secure to the man of one color who behaves uprightly and honestly, with thrift and with foresight, the same opportunity for reward and for living his life under the protection of the law and without molestation by outsiders, that would be his if he were of another color. The avenues of employment should be open to one as to the other; the protection of the laws should be guaranteed to one as to the other. Each should be given the right to prove by his life and work what his capacities are, and should be judged accordingly. Each is entitled to the reward which he legitimately earns if he behaves well; each should be judged with the same severe impartiality if he behaves ill. The same fair treatment should be accorded both, and every effort made to give equal opportunity to those of equal capacity and character. It is the duty of the white man to see that exact justice is meted out to the colored man, the same justice that he would receive if he were not colored; and upon the colored man is imposed the duty to make himself a useful citizen, to so behave as to win the respect of his white neighbor. The performance of duty should be the test applied to white man and colored man alike, and each individual should be judged not by the fact of his color, but by the way in which he meets these demands of duty; and the first duty which each colored man owes both to himself and his race is to work for the betterment both of himself and his race; for its educational, but above all for its industrial and moral betterment. It is to the great interest of the white people no less than of the colored people that all possible educational facilities should be given the colored people; and it is of even greater interest to both races that the colored man should steadily strive for his own industrial and moral uplift.

Teach By Example.
To teach by preaching is never as good as to teach by example. No words of advice and encouragement on my part can count in any way compared to what has actually been done by those colored men who have

shown by their own success in life how a colored man can raise high his standard of good citizenship. It is the colored man himself and no outsider who can do most for the colored race. I want to call your attention and the attention of all who care to listen to me to the noteworthy record of the town of Mound Bayou in Mississippi. I stopped at Mound Bayou a year ago while going through Mississippi. Twenty years ago the place was all wilderness. Now a thriving and prosperous town has been built, with a thriving and prosperous country round about; and every man in the town, every man in the county round about, is a colored man. In the Planters' Journal of Memphis, Tenn., a white man's paper, there is a description in an issue of a couple of years ago of Mound Bayou under the heading of "The most remarkable town in the south." This paper describes how the town has been founded, populated, and managed purely by men of the negro race. It is a thriving, growing town of 2,000 people. There is not a saloon nor a vicious resort of any kind in the town. There are some 6,000 people on the tract of land of which the town is the center. This tract includes about forty square miles, all of it owned by the colored people themselves. Ten thousand acres of land are in a high state of cultivation. There is a big cotton crop, and in addition the colony produces four-fifths of the corn and hay it needs, with many hundreds of horses, mules, cattle and hogs. In the town itself there are six churches and three schools. There is a bank with a capital stock of \$10,000, which does a thriving business. This assessed value of the land in the town itself is nearly \$25,000. There are sawmills, gins, blacksmith shops, bakeries; all without a white inhabitant in the neighborhood. The people are prosperous and singularly law-abiding. Their white neighbors

(Continued on Page Four.)

ARRAIGNED
CARMACK'S SLAYERS FORMALLY ACCUSED OF CRIME.

Taken Before Circuit Judge at Nashville and Trials Are Set for December 8.

Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 26.—Col. Duncan B. and Robin J. Cooper and John D. Sharp were formally arraigned in the criminal court charged with the murder of Senator Edward W. Carmack and their trial set for December 8. Each was arraigned separately, the indictments read to them and a plea of not guilty entered. Counsel for defense objected to their clients being brought into court and asked to be allowed to waive formal arraignment, urging the past custom which has prevailed in this court in this respect, but the attorney general insisted on following the law to the minutest detail and the court sustained him.

List of Young Women Who Will Pin Tags on People Along Broadway for the Benefit of Riverside Hospital

Tag Day Will be Next Saturday and at Nine O'clock the Public Will be Tagged and No One Will Escape.

Arrangements for Tag Day

Station No. 1.—J. A. Rudy & Sons, Mrs. Armour Gardner, Mrs. Henry Rudy, Miss Lucia Powell, Miss Sadie Paxton, Miss Dow Gilson, Miss Willie May Roscoe, Miss Margaret Merigold, Miss Mary Dorian.

Station No. 2.—Citizens Savings bank, Mrs. F. Boyd, Miss Hallie Hisey, Miss Robbie Loving, Miss Mary Scott, Miss Eunice De Bard.

Station No. 3.—Wallerstein Bros., Mrs. W. B. Mills, Mrs. William Gilbert, Miss Vera Johnston, Miss Ruth Cagil, Miss Mary Bird, Miss Mayne Dryfus.

Station No. 4.—Nagel & Meyer, Mrs. Gus Reitz, Mrs. H. G. Harmeling, Miss Olga List, Miss Beyer.

Station No. 5.—Wilson Book Store, Mrs. Vernon Blythe, Mrs. Edward Bringham, Mrs. John Scott, Miss Lucile Harth, Miss Erna Yeiser, Miss Lily May McGlathery.

Station No. 6.—McPherson's Drug Store, Mrs. John J. Berry, Miss Ethel Brooks, Miss Blanche Hills, Miss Belle Cave, Miss Rella Coleman.

Station No. 7.—L. B. Ogilvie & Co., Mrs. Wm. Marble, Miss Gertrude Scott, Miss Phillipa Hughes, Miss Catherine Quigley, Miss Catherine Powell, Miss Anne Boswell.

Station No. 8.—Gilbert's Drug Store, Mrs. Jake Wallerstein, Mrs. Wm. Brainard, Miss Neila Hatfield, Miss Nell Hendricks, Miss Mary Cave, Miss Hazel McCandless.

Station No. 9.—B. Weille & Son, Mrs. Thomas Leech, Miss Anna Mae Yeiser, Miss Frances Terrell, Miss Catherine Sherman, Miss Julia Dabney, Miss Elizabeth Boswell.

Station No. 10.—Palmer Hotel, Mrs. Victor Voris, Miss Ethel Morrow, Miss Sarah Corbett, Miss Helen Van Meter, Miss Grace Hoffs, Miss Alma Dryfus, Miss Lucile Well, Miss Gladys Coburn, Miss Martha Cope, Miss Nell Cave, Miss Elizabeth Terrell, Miss Elizabeth Kirkland, Miss Edith Cope, Miss Tillie Bauer.

Station No. 11.—Columbia (Stutz), Mrs. Calhoun Rieke, Mrs. Paul Province, Mrs. John Brooks, Miss Hannah Corbett, Miss Ellen Boswell, Miss Mildred Gardner, Miss Bell V. O'Brien, Miss Fred Paxton.

Station No. 12.—Walker's Drug Store, Mrs. P. H. Stewart, Miss Marjorie Bagby, Miss Sarah Sanders, Miss Irene Furish, Miss Caroline Sowell.

Station No. 13.—Harbour's Store, Mrs. Oscar Kahn, Miss Erna Litchenstein, Miss Hayman, Miss Nellie Schwab, Miss Irene Gittman, Miss Pearl Michael, Miss Henriette Kahn.

Station No. 14.—Custom House, Mrs. H. Lindsey, Mrs. Ed Hannan, Miss Elsie Hodge, Miss Alma Kopf, Miss Rosebud Hobson, Miss Brooks Smith.

Station No. 15.—Ideal Meat Market, Mrs. J. W. Little, Mrs. W. J. Hells, Miss Margaret Parks, Miss Mary K. Sowell, Miss Kate Crumbaugh, Miss Lucile Blackard.

Station No. 16.—Kentucky Theater, Mrs. Hal Corbett, Miss Mayme O'Brien, Miss Eleanor Cabell, Miss Clara Parks, Miss Maudie Frederick, Miss Elleen Rehkopt.

Station No. 17.—Ochsenschlaeger's Drug Store, Miss Lizzie Snumott, Mrs. Will Webb, Miss Mary Boswell, Miss Maudie Terrell.

Station No. 18.—Winstead Drug Store, Mrs. H. S. Wells, Mrs. Hal Corbett, Miss Katie Bauer, Miss Jessie Bell, Miss Jennie Gilson.

Station No. 19.—Carnegie Library, Miss Alina Bagby.

Station No. 20.—Sleeth's Drug Store, Mrs. James Sleeth, Miss Bernice Miller, Miss Nell Thompson.

Street Cars.—Mrs. H. G. Reynolds, Miss Henry Albott, Miss Margie Loving, Miss Myrtle Decker, Miss Hattie Terrell, Miss May Owen, Miss Lillian Hobson, Miss Helen Powell, Miss Mable McNichols, Miss Ethel O'Brien, Miss Willie Willis.

BOHMER PREPARES TO OPEN HIS LOOSE LEAF WAREHOUSE

Mr. C. W. Bohmer returned from Lexington last night accompanied by Mr. A. J. Campbell, who has been associated with him in the operation of his loose leaf house in Lexington, who will assist him in managing his new loose leaf house in Paducah. Three carloads of fixtures necessary for the warehouse have been shipped, and will arrive in Paducah tomorrow. With advertising matter Mr. Bohmer and Mr. Campbell left this morning for a business trip through McCracken and Ballard counties to see the farmers. The weather is good for the handling of the loose leaf, and the market will be open as soon as the farmers bring in the tobacco.

K. T. Christmas

Arrangements for an appreciative celebration of Christmas are under way by the Paducah Commandery of Knights Templar. On Christmas morning at the lodge room in the fraternity building all the Masons, their wives and daughters will be invited to attend the social session. The women of the Eastern Star and the organizations kindred to the Masons will be guests of honor. After the informal reception luncheon will be served.

School Celebrates

The children of the Longfellow school held Thanksgiving Day exercises yesterday at the school. All of the rooms combined for the entertainment, and many patrons of the school were present. A program of songs and recitations was given creditably by the children, who were coached by the teachers of the building.

BRADLEY SETS HIMSELF RIGHT BEFORE PEOPLE

Says He is Not to Pay Off Old Scores and Has Made No Deal for Offices.

Writes Signed Letter to Press of Kentucky.

MISSION OF U. S. SENATOR

Louisville, Nov. 26.—In order to set himself right before the Republicans of Kentucky, Senator-elect W. O. Bradley has written a card in which he declares that he has entered no combination for the distribution of offices. Senator Bradley says the fact that a man was for or against Mr. Taft for the nomination for president should not recommend him. He says the impression that he would fight those who were for Mr. Taft and endorse those who were for Mr. Fairbanks was entirely erroneous. He says he will recommend the men best suited for the places irrespective of who they were for the presidential nomination.

Mr. Bradley says: "The newspapers of the state generally are unintentionally doing me grave injustice by making it appear, here and there over the state, that I have candidates for the various offices and that my purpose is to punish those who favored the nomination of Mr. Taft. The result of this is to cause every aspirant for office for which he is informed I have a candidate to become incensed and regard me as his enemy."

"In the first place I will say that the fact that a man was for or against the nomination of Mr. Taft should not of itself recommend him. Surely it is not my purpose to undertake to establish the idea that because a man was for Mr. Taft I shall fight his candidacy, or that I shall endorse him simply because he was for Mr. Fairbanks. I believe that the offices should be filled by the most competent, honorable and active Republicans, regardless of their position as to the nomination."

Has No Pledges.
"My purpose shall be to strengthen the Republican party and not to divide or weaken it. And I want to say, once for all, that I am under no pledge to any man and that I have no candidate for any office. At the proper time I will try to do what is right and just as between the contestants. Republicans should not become unduly excited or uneasy, as it is quite a while before the terms of any of the principal offices of the state expire."

"I may be pardoned for adding that, while I am devoted to my friends, many of whom were for Fairbanks and many for Taft, and would be glad to serve them in any reasonable way, I appreciate the fact that the mission of a United States senator is to serve his country faithfully and intelligently, and that my efforts shall be directed to that end, the matter of offices being a mere secondary consideration. I do not desire to be known alone as the distributor of offices, and I shall not attempt to dominate the entire state, as has been charged. I have not entered into any combination for the distribution of offices or for any other purpose."

W. O. BRADLEY.

Football News

Philadelphia, Nov. 26.—There are just two games of importance yet to be played, and one of them will have much to do with the determination of the premier honors of the year. The unbeaten teams of Cornell and Pennsylvania clash on Franklin Field, Philadelphia, and the same field will contain the Army and Navy eleven two days later. From the standpoint of real football the Pennsylvania-Cornell affair will be the more important, but no game of the year will attract so much of society and the diplomatic and administrative life of the country as the Army-Navy game. In this respect the latter game is in a class by itself.

There is no doubt that the Pennsylvania-Cornell game will produce some of the very best football of the entire season. The Pennsylvania eleven, by its great score against Michigan and its uniformly good record throughout the entire season, has stamped itself as one of the best that ever wore the red and blue. The Quaker supporters even go so far as to say that a victory over Cornell will make them the champions of the east, which may or may not be true, according to the way one reads comparative scores.

—Maggie Mudd and Floyd Chumbler, of Mechanicsburg, were married yesterday by the Rev. T. J. Owen.

TARIFF SQUEAL AIDS REVISION

Requests for Higher Rates
Disgust "Standpatters."

Correspondent Thinks Sentiment for
Fair Play May Force Congress
to Act.

PUBLIC STANDS WITH TAFT

Washington, Nov. 26.—It is fast becoming apparent that the country is aroused on the tariff question and determined to have a fair revision. Even the high tariff and standpat members of the ways and means committee of the house are getting disgusted with the requests for higher rates, when the great majority of men appearing before them, representing producers or manufacturers have offered, which means that the most ardent protectionists in congress are being impressed by public opinion, which almost universally seems to stand by Mr. Taft in his championship of a liberal and broad revision.

The limit was reached today when representatives of the hop industry in California appeared before the ways and means committee and modestly asked for an increase of 100 per cent in the duties on hops. They said they wanted to prevent the importation of hops from Germany and Austria. Chairman Payne said such an increase of the duty would be likely to have no other effect than to decrease the amount of hops put into beer by American brewers.

Both Republican and Democratic members of the committee show impatience at this continuous chorus in favor of higher duties sung by the representatives of producing and manufacturing interests. They are developing a tendency to ask awkward questions of the "champions of protection run mad" who appear before them. The indications are that the committee is beginning to feel the weight of public sentiment. If this continues the "tariff hogs," as Charles Francis Adams called them, may not receive as warm welcomes in the future as they have had in the past. In the old days demands for heavy increases of duty were generally received by the committees of congress as serious matters to be prayerfully considered. The assumption was that the demands for higher duties would not be made unless good reason existed therefor, and the prevailing spirit among the men who made the McKinley and Dingley

laws to give the interests about everything they asked for.

Taft's Friends.

Now friends of the Taft principle equitable revision feel encouraged what looks like a change in the right direction among the practical lawmakers who are dealing with this subject. It is of course too early to tell how far the reaction is to go and what outcome will be in actual revision of the schedules. The interests in way of achieving their purposes or approximately, in the end, it would be premature to assume they are not going to win this time as usual. But it is engaging to the friends of genuine reform to note what appears to be a more reasonable attitude of mind and greater respect for public opinion on the part of the lawmakers on the other hand. It should be remembered that Speaker Cannon said in a public address a few days ago that there

would be "no important changes in the tariff," and Senator Hale, next to Senator Aldrich the most influential man in the upper branch, came to Washington yesterday and promptly expressed the same opinion, to wit, that there would not be half as much revision of the tariff as the country thought there would be. Apparently the most bourbon of the standpatters, and the most powerful, have not yet felt the pressure of public sentiment.

There is going to be plenty of time for public opinion to reach the reactionary leaders who may show an inclination to stand out stubbornly against the modern idea. We have before us many months of tariff agitation. The ways and means committee of the house is not now engaged in the preparation of a tariff bill. It is only gathering information to be used later on. Hearings and inquiries will continue all winter. Not till April or May will the work of actual revision be undertaken.

If public opinion keeps up its pressure in favor of equitable revision the most implacable of the standpatters may see the light in good time.

It is indisputable that just now the current is setting strong in the right direction. The way is gradually being cleared for an assertion of leadership on the part of the new president. The salient facts of the situation are that the American people believe in protection and have given the Republican party more than one mandate as the party of protection. But they are weary of "protection run mad" of "tariff hogs with both feet in the trough." Judge Taft stood before the country as the representative of this idea of moderation and fair play, and in electing him president the people did so with full knowledge of what he represented. In the McKinley law and again in the Dingley act. They believe they are strong enough to compel history to

Remember

B. Ogilvie's

PADUCAH, KY.

"MAKE ROOM SALE"

Begins Friday and Ends Saturday

This is the only opportunity you will have to buy Xmas goods at a sacrifice, for when these lines are closed and our room is made it's all over. :: ::

Shop Early

repeat itself.

There is no longer any reason to doubt where Mr. Taft stands. The people who believe he is right should do everything they can to hold up his hands.

ROGERS' LIVERWORT

Tar and Cough Syrup

For the complete cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma and Bronchitis and all Lung complaints tending to Consumption, Liverwort, Tar and Wild Cherry, have for ages maintained an established reputation as a standard Cough Remedy. It contains no opium or harmful drug; can be given with safety to children. Price \$1.00. Sold by druggists. Williams' Mfg. Co., Props., Cleveland, O.

"Why is the Hon. Thomas Rott so pessimistic of late?"

"He has a felon on his index finger, and it is very painful for him to point with pride."—Puck.

Breaking It Gently.

A young artist once persuaded Whistler to come and view his latest effort. The two stood before the canvas for some moments in silence. Finally the young man asked timidly, "Don't you think, sir, that this painting of mine is—well—er—tolerable?" Whistler's eyes twinkled dangerously.

"What is your opinion of a tolerable egg?" he asked.—Everybody's Magazine.

Use DeWitt's Carbollized Witch Hazel Salve—It is healing, cooling and cleansing. It is especially good for piles. Sold by all druggists.

There is only one thing a woman loves better than being told a secret, and that is finding it out for herself.

Pleasant cure, easy, safe little liver pills, are DeWitt's Little Early Risers. Sold by all druggists.

ULLMAN'S SPECIAL THANKSGIVING ANNOUNCEMENT

THANKSGIVING GREETINGS

and may happy and
enjoyable returns
of the day

from

Ullman's
SUCCESSOR
LADIES' COMPLETE OUTFITTERS
317 BROADWAY

Closed All Day

Today

Legal Holiday

THE SUCCESS attending our great Thanksgiving sale, which closed last evening, was indeed phenomenal, particularly when weather conditions are considered, but we're not surprised as merit and true worth are bound to be appreciated and this combined with our cardinal business methods of Highest Grades at Popular Prices were certainly to be the loadstone to attract the magnet and to achieve success. We'll not relax for a moment, but keep on plugging away and if Highest Grades, Latest Styles and Popular Prices will interest you we're sure of doing the volume of business.

Commencing tomorrow, Friday morning, we'll inaugurate a series of grand extra special inducements, which, to be fully appreciated, must be inspected personally in our beautiful parlors, and our word for it, that you'll be the happiest and most pleased lady in Paducah, after making your selection. An early visit will be highly appreciated.

Ullman's
SUCCESSOR
LADIES' COMPLETE OUTFITTERS
317 BROADWAY

The Paducah Sun

AFTERNOON AND WEEKLY.

SUN PUBLISHING COMPANY, INCORPORATED.

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J. J. PAXTON, General Manager.
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THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 26.

CIRCULATION STATEMENT.

October, 1908.

1.....5090	17.....5077
2.....5091	18.....5077
3.....5101	19.....5089
4.....5088	20.....5078
5.....5092	21.....5077
6.....5095	22.....5077
7.....5104	23.....5078
8.....5113	24.....5078
9.....5115	25.....5079
10.....5104	26.....5079
11.....5098	27.....5078
12.....5096	28.....5079
13.....5099	29.....5079
14.....5099	30.....5079
15.....5099	31.....5079
16.....5099	

Total 137,028

Average for October, 1908... 5075

Average for October, 1907... 3978

Increase 1097

Personally appeared before me this Nov. 3, 1908, R. D. MacMillan, business manager of The Sun, who affirms that the above statement of the circulation of The Sun for the month of October, 1908, is true to the best of his knowledge and belief. My commission expires January 10, 1912.

PETER PURYEAR,
Notary Public McCracken Co.

Daily Thought.

Anger begins with folly and ends with repentance.—Pythagoras.

China can boast one occidental custom she has made her own—anti-Japanese riots.

While our naval officers are denouncing unjust criticisms of our battleships Lord Roberts is telling England what a rotten army she has. Lord Bob knows, too.

A Cornell professor has discovered that there will be no children in 150 years. President Roosevelt should immediately appoint the professor at the head of a new bureau in the department for the conservation of national resources.

THE DAY.

Little Jack Horner sat in a corner Eating a Christmas pie. He stuck in his thumb and pulled out a plum.

And said, "What a great boy am I."

No one can study history philosophically without being convinced of the unwavering guidance of Providence in the affairs of the world and the frailty and inconstancy of mankind. It always has been in times of peril and adversity that the heart of the human has turned to his God, and in days of prosperity and comfort that he has eaten the plums that Providence, through his fathers, gave him, and patted his rounded paunch with the same self-conceit that made the nursery rhyme hero famous.

It was the hardy Pilgrim fathers on cold, bleak Plymouth Rock, who fell on their knees and thanked God for what we would call hard luck. From the beginning of this nation a day of Thanksgiving has been set apart; because its founders knew that whenever a nation forgets its God and its moral obligations, it is doomed.

No other nation that ever existed had so much to be thankful for to Providence, no other people were more divinely set apart as an instrument of Providence for the enlightenment and elevation of mankind. It was enough that we had the Pilgrim fathers for whom to be thankful, but we have liberty, and prosperity and comforts and life and health—some of us, and those who have not have strength to bear their suffering—we have a God; we have knowledge.

Let us pause one day, as a people, to consider what has been done for us, to remember our mission and to renew our faith.

OUR NAVAL PROGRAM.

A protest against the withdrawal of the fleet from the Pacific ocean, has reached our desk—a vehement, reproachful document, bearing the name of a society especially organized to father the protest and aimed at President Roosevelt. We are advised in the name of all we hold dear to remonstrate with President Roosevelt against the sending of that fleet around the Horn.

It would look dangerous right

now taking our battleships out of the disturbed waters of the Pacific ocean, wouldn't it? And if we didn't have the greatest confidence in President Roosevelt and his successor, we should be as agitated over the matter as the organizer of the society of reproachful protest. But we remember that before President Roosevelt sent that fleet around the Horn in the face of discouraging skepticism the west coast and the islands of the Pacific had no such protection. We expect the vehemence of the protest to grow as the fleet nears home and the Pacific coast to lead a demonstration that will force congress to authorize just as many ships as President Roosevelt asks for in his next message. President Roosevelt realized our unpreparedness for war where it most threatened, and he knew how difficult it is to arouse eight millions of sovereign citizens to action to avert a war. So he sent the fleet into the Pacific to demonstrate its efficiency, and now that we have a fleet there our neighbors to the west have become so much more amiable and we feel so much more comfortable that we want to keep it there. Two fleets, of course, is the only solution of our defensive problem. It wouldn't do to denude the Atlantic seaboard of protection. We begin to suspect that President Roosevelt has carried his point again; but it is amusing to read that remonstrance directed to him.

FOR COMMONWEALTH'S ATTORNEY?

Judge Wells was abundantly able to take care of himself in the Calhoun recount. In fact every turn he proves himself a little too smart for the sympathizers with lawlessness, who seem to be dying hard. The people of this district need the service of such men as Judge Wells. —Hopkinsville Kentuckian.

THE LABOR CONFERENCE.

President Roosevelt invited the labor leaders to the White House dinner for a conference in regard to his forthcoming message to congress. Instead of attempting to inject into politics by ignoring them, President Roosevelt has recognized the permanence of the movement, and makes confidants of the leaders in order that they may take a broader view of national questions and understand the relative and interwoven rights and interests of all the people. Not that labor leaders are less capable than any others of grasping these matters, but men devoted to one cause seldom have the opportunity to look beyond what appears to be for the welfare of the cause they espouse. There are policies that should be promoted in the interest of labor and to an extent of the whole country. There are bounds beyond which the government cannot afford to go in response to the demands of labor, because to do so would be to transgress the province of general government, and would interfere with the rights and welfare of some other citizens. The government cannot recognize classes, excepting as a general law operates most directly in the amelioration of the condition of some particular class.

These things President Roosevelt invited the labor leaders to Washington to see, just as he invites manufacturers, railroad men, bankers, doctors, congressmen and others whom he desires to understand his attitude clearly. The president elevated as he is, has a wider scope of vision over these national issues than have the rest of us; he hears both sides of a controversy, and sometimes when he has heard both sides and taken a comprehensive and retrospective view of the situation, he is enabled to modify the opinion and demands of especially interested parties.

That was partly the object of President Roosevelt in the conference, and then he wished to get the views of the labor leaders on the issues he will present. Under the leadership of Samuel Gompers many of those men followed Bryan in the recent election, and they naturally must be a little distant in their manner toward their friend, the Republican party. President Roosevelt has personally held the confidence of the leaders and his personality was a great factor in checking the Gompers movement at the critical time. He will, as one of his last acts, pave the way for his successor to enjoy the same relationship to the union labor that he has enjoyed. It should be to the mutual advantage of the president and the unions for the latter can win more for themselves and humanity from a friendly administration, than they can wrest from one antagonistic and suspicious of their motives.

SOME STORIES AROUND TOWN.

'Possum and sweet potatoes may be on the table Thanksgiving Day instead of turkey at the home of Mrs. J. H. Schroder, 1025 Trimble street. Several days ago Mrs. Schroder heard a noise in the wood house of a vacant dwelling next door. Her chickens had wandered over there and she went in search of eggs. When she opened the door a 'possum was in the wood shed. She closed the door and ran home, securing a bulldog and the colored cook. The dog caught the 'possum and shook it lively. Mr. 'Possum was dead apparently, and remained on the porch while the negro discussed how to cook it. Quickly the 'possum jumped up and ran off, but the dog was too quick, and after a lively round a tub was turned over on the unlucky animal. With

the 'possum safe in prison it was decided to let him supplant the regular bird on Thanksgiving Day.

Little Mary was walking down Broadway this week in company with her nurse, when she passed an organ grinder, who had a particularly heavy beard. Mary had a penny, and while hesitating a moment before presenting her alma inquired of the nurse: "Shall I give the money to the monkey or to his father?"

Dot and Kit, two of Paducah's young future society belles, were discussing the recent national election when dolls had become tiresome. "Who did you vote for?" inquired Dot.

"Well, I voted for Taft, and he won, too," responded Kit as she caressed her dollie. "Who did you vote for?" she continued. "I voted for God," said Dot unconcernedly.

"My, but God wasn't running," declared Kit with conviction.

A certain young lady, who moved to the suburbs of Paducah to spend the autumn, recently has not been accustomed to the inconveniences of country life. To her great consternation she found that the front door boasted no bell, and the rooms were so large that it was difficult to hear a rap.

When her best friend called on his first visit he searched the house front for the conventional button and finding none, thought he was at the wrong place. He struck matches and in the dim light tried to locate the button, but he failed. He had visions that the frequent passersby might make him a target as a burglar. He tapped on the door but to no response. As the hour was early he seated himself on the porch, complacently smoking a cigar. He repeated his knocking at respectful intervals, but minutes dragged by, and he became desperate.

Not to be outdone, he walked a quarter of a mile to a neighbor's house and asked permission to use the telephone.

He called Miss ———, and explained to her his delay, promising to join her in a few minutes if she would stay within hearing distance of the front door. It is needless to say that this young woman, despite the chilly evening, and evening dress was perched cozily on the doorstep and waited for his appearance. This much disconcerted young woman, lost no time the next day in having a bell placed on the front door.

Kentucky Kernels

Luther Franklin dies at Clinton. Justice Harlan is visiting Kentucky.

Robert Nelson, 13, shot in face while hunting.

Whirlwind educational campaign begins Saturday.

Many farms in Western Kentucky are posted.

Mayor Watts, of Mayfield, will be candidate for re-election.

Independent telephone system being installed at Hickman.

Mose Craig, of Henderson county, crushed to death by scaffold.

N. H. Williams, of Clinton, called to Mayfield Roadway Baptist church.

Cashier McConaghy, of Monticello, kno band, surrendered by bondsmen and sent to jail.

Try Kodol today on our guarantee. Take it for a little while, as that is all you will need to take. Kodol digests what you eat and makes the stomach sweet. It is sold by all druggists.

Ten thousand pairs of shoes are produced daily from a single eastern factory. Every twenty-four hours it uses the hides and skins of 7,800 kids, 300 horses and colts, 300 calves and 425 steers.

DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills are unequalled in cases of weak back, backache, inflammation of the bladder, rheumatic pains, Antiseptic and act promptly. Sold by all druggists.

The state of Guanajuato, Mexico, has produced, silver worth \$510,000,000 Mexican, during the past 350 years.

It isn't enough to pay as you go. You ought to save enough to pay your way back.

THE WELLINGTON HOTEL, CHICAGO
Cor. Wabash Ave. & Jackson Bldg.
McINTOCK & BAYFIELD, Props.



Remodeled at a cost of \$150,000. Hot and cold running water and long distance 'phones in all rooms. 200 rooms, 100 with baths. Single or en suite. Rates \$1.00 and upwards. One of the most unique dining rooms in the country. Our famous Indian Cafe. Noted for service and cuisine.

Hay Fever Instant Relief and Positive Cure
Luzon Laboratory, 1123 Broadway, New York

Sophy & Kravonia

by

ANTHONY HOPE

Author of "The Prisoner of Zenda"

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(Continued from Last Issue)

Chapter Eight

THAT feverish month of July—fitting climax to the scorching and summer of 1870—had run full half its course. Madness and stricken the rulers of France. To avoid danger they rushed on destruction. Gay madness spread through the veins of Paris. Perverse always, Lady Meg Duddington chose this moment for coming back to her senses, or, at least, for abandoning the particular form of insanity to which she had devoted the last five years.

One afternoon she called her witch and her wizard. "You're a pair of quacks, and I've been an old fool," she said composedly, sitting straight up in her high backed chair. She flung a couple of thousand franc notes across the table. "You can go," she ended, with contemptuous brevity. Maud's evil temper broke out. "She has done this, the malign one!" Pharo was wiser. He had not done badly out of Lady Meg, and madness such as hers is apt to be recurrent. His farewell was gentle, his exit not ungraceful, yet he, too, prayed her to beware of a certain influence. "Stuff! You don't know what you're talking about!" Lady Meg jerked out and pointed with her finger to the door.

Early on the morning of Sunday, the 17th, having received word through Lady Meg's maid that her presence was not commanded in the Rue de Grenelle, Sophy slipped around to the Rue du Bac and broke in on Marie Zerkovitch, radiant with her great news and imploring her friend to celebrate it by a day in the country.

"It means that dear old Lady Meg will be what she used to be to me!" cried. "We shall go back to England."

I expect, and I wonder what that will be like!" Her face grew suddenly thoughtful. Back to England! How would that suit Sophie de Gruiche? And what was to happen about Casimir de Savres? The period of her long, sweet indecision was threatened with a forced conclusion.

Marie Zerkovitch was preoccupied against both her friend's joy and her friend's perplexity. Great affairs touched her at home. There would be war, she said, certainly war. Today the senate went to St. Cloud to see the emperor. Zerkovitch had started thither already on the track of news. The news in the near future would certainly be war, and Zerkovitch would follow the armies, still on the track of news. "He went before, in the war of sixty-six," she said, her lips trembling, "and he all but died of fever. That kills the correspondents just as much as the soldiers. Ah, it is so dangerous, Sophie—and so terrible to be left behind alone! I don't know what I shall do! My husband wants me to go home. He doesn't believe the French will win, and he fears trouble for those who stay here." She looked at last at Sophy's clouded face. "Ah, and your Casimir—he will be at the front!"

"Yes, Casimir will be at the front," said Sophy, a ring of excitement hardly suppressed in her voice.

"If he should be killed!" murmured Marie, throwing her arms out in a gesture of lamentation.

"You bird of ill omen! He'll come back covered with glory." The two spent a quiet day together. Sophy helping Marie in her homely tasks. Zerkovitch's campaigning kit was overhauled—none knew how soon orders for an advance might come—his buttons put on, his thick stockings darned. The hours slipped away in work and talk. At 6 o'clock they went out and dined at a small restaurant hard by. Things seemed very quiet there. The fat waiter told them, with a shrug: "We shan't have much noise here tonight. The lads will be over there!" He pointed across the river. "They'll be over there most of the night, on the crowded boulevards. Because it's war, madame. Oh, yes, it's war!" The two young women slipped their coffee in silence. "As a lad I saw 1830. I was out in the streets in 1851. What shall I see next?" he asked them as he swept his napkin over the marble table top. If he stayed at his post he saw many strange things. Unnatural fires lit his skies, and before his doors brother shed brother's blood.

The friends parted at half past 7. Marie hoped her husband would be returning home soon, and with news. Sophy felt herself due in the Rue de Grenelle. She reached the house there a little before 8. The concierge was not in his room. She went upstairs unseen and passed into the drawing room. The in-

stant door lead-

Sophy helping Marie in her homely tasks.

ing to the room Lady Meg occupied stood open. Sophy called softly, but there was no answer. She walked toward the door and was about to look into the room, thinking that perhaps Lady Meg was asleep, when she heard herself addressed. The Frenchwoman who acted as their cook had come in and stood now on the threshold, with a puzzled, distressed look on her face.

"I'm sorry, Mlle. Sophie, to tell you, but my lady has gone."

"Gone! Where to?"

"To England, I believe. This morning after you had gone out she ordered everything to be packed. It was done. She paid us here off, bidding me alone stay till orders reached me from M. le Marquis. Then she went. Only the coachman accompanied her. I think she started for Calais. At least, she is gone."

"She said—said nothing about me?"

"You'll see there's a letter for you on the small table in the window there."

"Oh, yes! Thank you."

"Your room is ready for you tonight."

"I've dined. I shall want nothing. Good night."

Sophy walked over to the little table in the window and for a few moments stood looking at the envelope which lay there, addressed to her in Lady Meg's sprawling hand. The stately room in the Rue de Grenelle seemed filled with a picture which its walls had never seen. Old words re-echoed in Sophy's ears: "If I want you to go I'll put a hundred pound note in an envelope and send it to you, upon which you'll go, and no reasons given! Is it agreed?" As if from a long way off she heard a servant girl answer, "It sounds all right!" She saw the old elm trees at Moringham and heard the wind murmur in their boughs. Pindar chuckled, and Julia Robins' eyes were wet with tears.

"And no reasons given!" It had sounded all right—before five years of intimacy and a life transformed. It sounded different now. Yet the agreement had been made between the strange lady and the eager girl. Nor were reasons hard to find. They stood out brutally plain. Having sent her prophet to the right about, Lady Meg wanted no more of her medium—her most disappointing medium. "They" would not speak through Sophy. Perhaps Lady Meg did not now want them to speak at all.

(Continued in Next Issue)

YOU DON'T HAVE TO WAIT Every dose makes you feel better. Lax-Po keeps your whole insides right. Sold on the money-back plan everywhere. Price 10 cents.

RACE PROBLEM

(Continued from page one.)

have treated them well. The county sheriff employs a colored man to act as a town in the capacity of deputy sheriff; and the railway and express company have a colored man in their office since the depot was established in the town; while the board of supervisors appoint colored road overseers. The town has forty-four mercantile and business houses, big and little, of all kinds, which do an aggregate annual business of



This woman says she was saved from an operation by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Lena V. Henry, of Norristown, Ga., writes to Mrs. Pinkham:

"I suffered untold misery from female troubles. My doctor said an operation was the only chance I had, and I dreaded it almost as much as death."

"One day I read how other women had been cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I decided to try it. Before I had taken the first bottle I was better, and now I am entirely cured."

"Every woman suffering with any female trouble should take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."

FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN. For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness or nervous prostration. Why don't you try it?

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

ROYAL Baking Powder

Absolutely PURE

Sures delicious, healthful food for every home, every day. The onbaking powder made from Royal tpe Cream of Tartar—made from ipes.

Safeguard our food against alum and phosphate of li—harsh mineral acids which are used in cply made powders.

about six hundred thousand dollars. Surely such a showing in exclusively colored communities means very much for the fate of the colored race. Of course founders of the community were men. Nevertheless it is an lesson full of hope for the ed people and therefore full of hope for the white people too, for white man is almost as much inted as the colored man in seeing the latter rises instead of falls.unds Bayou has taken the lead establishing the Mississippi No Business League. Its members not content with taking care of the business interests of community. They have recently sent a circular addressed to their farmer, the circular being signed by Charles Banks, the president of the Business League. The circular concludes with the following admirable advice: 'See to it that your potatoes are well housed for winter. Kill enough meat to net for sale to call on the merchant early as in former years, and instead of spending all the money you have cleared from your crops during the year, and Christmas, or visiting places from which you moved the year before, instead of spending your money for the profit you nothing, if you have land, begin to buy; if you have and are not out of debt deposit your money in some good bank, prepare to

meet your obligations when due; if you have land and are out of debt, buy more or invest your money in some good securities, or beautify your farms by building good houses, barns and fences; discard the old common stock of hogs, cows, horses and mules and buy better grades. Purchase up-to-date farming implements whenever practicable and learn to make your crops as good and as easy as the ideal western farmer. When the negro farmer can measure up to what I have above indicated, he will be a happier and more useful citizen and his white friends will delight to have him in the land."

"Mr. Knapp, of the bureau of plant industry of the United States department of agriculture, three weeks ago secured a number of copies of this circular because he regarded the advice as so well put, so sound, and so timely that he wished to circulate it as far as possible. The people of Mount Bayou have done admirably for themselves; they reflect credit upon the whole country; and, above all, they are performing an incalculable service for the colored race."

STOP

In and see our samples. We are making suits from \$25.00 to \$50.00. First-class workmanship guaranteed.

SOLOMON, The Tailor.

522 Broadway Old Phone 570-A

T. Sand Mrs. Garrison

Embalms and Funeral Directors

Mrs. Garrison the only Lady Embalmer and Funeral Directress in Paducah, by have twelve years wide experience. Practice city and country.

Paicah Undertaking Co.

Both Phones. 206 South Third St.

Coal Really Reduced

Norville Lump - - 11c Per Bushel
Norville Nut - - - 10c Per Bushel
Mix (nut and lump) 10 1-2c Per Bu.

A Savirof \$1.50 a load makes it compare w Pittsburg greatly in our favor.

You can afford to pay cash.

YOUR MONEY BACK IF NOT SATISFIED

JEF J. REED & CO.

823 HARRISON

No Phone 82 Old Phone 595a

THE LOCAL NEWS

—Dr. Gilbert, osteopath, 440 1/2 Broadway. Phone 196.
—Visit Page's short order restaurant, 128 South Second.
—Forms for real estate agents for sale at this office.
—Wallpaper bargains at Kelley & Umbaugh's, 321 Kentucky avenue.
—Veterinarians, Farley & Fisher, 1345, old; 351, new. Hospital 429 South Third.
—All kinds of fall bulbs; also reliable lawn grass seed at Brunson's, 529 Broadway.
—Manicuring, hairdressing, scalp treatments and massaging. Iola Fisher, 614 Kentucky, phone 1852.
—Linen markers for sale at this office.
—The coal man, the ice man, the kindling man will deliver coal from 50 cents up to a car load any part of the city. Bundle of clippings with every dollar's worth of coal. Both phones 479. Wes. Flowers Coal Co.
—Bulbs, bulbs, bulbs, hyacinths, tulips, lilies, narcissus, crocus, iris. M. J. Yopp Seed Co., phone 243.
—City subscribers to The Daily Sun who wish the delivery of their papers stopped must notify our collectors or make the requests direct to The Sun office. No attention will be paid to such orders when given to carriers. Sun Publishing Co.
—Copy for the East Tennessee Telephone company's directory will go to press Tuesday, December 1. Notices of changes and additions should be received before this date.
—The Missionary society of the First Presbyterian church, which was to meet tomorrow afternoon with Mrs. J. D. McQuot, has been postponed until Friday of next week.

Paducah Circuit

The Rev. W. J. Naylor will preach at the following churches on the Paducah circuit: McKendree, first Sunday in each month at 11 o'clock a. m.; Massac, second Sunday in each month at 11 o'clock a. m.; Melber, second Sunday in each month at 3 o'clock p. m.; Lone Oak, third Sunday in each month at 11 o'clock a. m.; Lebanon, fourth Sunday in each month at 11 o'clock a. m.; Salem, fourth Sunday in each month at 3 o'clock p. m.

THE RETAIL MERCHANTS' PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION

Branch office now in Paducah, has succeeded in securing a membership of forty-two, having had the opportunity to prove to some of our members what benefit the retail merchant has in becoming a member of this organization. We would be glad to refer you to Orr & Ray, J. M. Riekman, Niemczyk and others, if you desire. This credit-rating bureau we have established here is for the benefit and protection of all classes of merchants in Paducah and this certainly is appealing to all of you. Now, let's get together, lay aside all prejudices and become a member of this association.

Popular Jackson Bride-Elect.

Miss Laura Jobe and Mr. Bruce Edenton, of Jackson, Tenn., who were members of the Winstead-Montgomery bride party, were both attendants in a brilliant society wedding on Tuesday evening at Jackson, when Miss Louise Nance married Dr. W. C. Duckworth.

Miss Jobe who is a bride of December, is having a round of festivities in her honor, and returned to Jackson today, where she is the guest of honor at a "house shower" tomorrow afternoon given by Miss Angelyn Hays at the home of her aunt, Mrs. Rose Witherspoon.

Women may be the weaker vessel, but it is generally the man who goes broke.

Dr. H. M. Chidress returned today from Louisville, where he has been for several days on business.

MAKE HER GLAD

With a Box of

ALLEGRETTI'S

All-gretti's will do it if anything will. Their smooth, delightful tooth-soneness is famous in two continents—and we get our shipments so often you are always sure of a perfectly fresh box.

We have the exclusive agency for Mullane's Candies, too; the Woodland Goodies are particularly fine.

Gilbert's Drug Store

4th and Broadway
Either Phone No. 77.
Get It at Gilbert's.

A. CALHOUN

DIES IN THWEST AND IS BURIED IN TEXAS.

Paducah Malls From Engine in Memphis Dies Under the Wheels.

Mr. Andrew Calhoun, formerly a prominent citizen of Paducah and a brother of AL. M. Riecke, died at his home in Austin, Texas, yesterday after a illness. Mr. Calhoun served the city court clerk while the late W. Bloomfield was judge. He here about 20 years ago and held responsible positions with iron, railroads. He married at Austin in Texas and leaves a wife and two children. Besides these are sister, Mrs. Riecke, who leaves a son, Thomas Calhoun, who also lives in Texas, and a sister, Mrs. Oreta Mads, of Walla Walla, Washington. Funeral and burial will be at Galesburg today.

Fell in Engine.

Charles W. Lams, 25 years old son of Mr. and Mrs. Douglas M. Williams, 1209 lucky avenue, was killed yesterday afternoon in Memphis, while working as a locomotive engineer. He was crushed and almost instantly.

Until several days ago Mr. Williams was an active in the machine shops of Illinois Central railroad, but read to Memphis and became a man. His father is a blacksmith in shops here. Mr. and Mrs. Williams left for Memphis last night, and will return with the body to the burial will be held Friday at Oak Grove cemetery.

RIVER NEWS

River stage at look this morning, 2.0, a rise since yesterday morning. The amount of rainfall last night was .94 inch. The total amount of rain for this week has been 2.68 inch.

The steamer Cleared for Waterloo, Ala., and its landings last night at 8 o'clock a large cargo of grocery supplies several hundred tons. She will next Monday night.

The steamer Keny will be due tonight from River Ala., and will landings. She will make a trip to Brookport tomorrow and will return tomorrow evening and receive freight at the wharf till Saturday evening at 6 o'clock when she will leave for the Tennessee.

The Ohio and herge of freight are hard ground on Cottonwood bar, just a few miles up the Ohio river. The Ohio E. port Tuesday for Elizabethtown.

The George Cowdell her regular morning and noon trips from Metropolis here return today with a big passenger and freight list on both trips.

The steamer Chattoga, now on the Paducah dry dock repairs, will be let in the river first of next week in first-class condition.

The Indiana will depart tomorrow from Smithland a large freight list.

The river was dotted with this morning with small birds and launches, filled with birds. Some were out for ducks and others were going up and down stream to landings where quail be found.

WOMAN'S INVENTION.

Has Plan That Will Drive With Flywheels on Cars.

Midway, Ky., Nov. 25. Mrs. Ada Henry Van Pelt, of Angeles, Cal., who was born and reared in Woodford county, has filed in mechanical world with invention pronounced by expert peers as the greatest achievement of the age. Her invention is a device to eliminate flywheels from all engines and to prevent engines from coming to rest on a "dead center" thing said to have been sought vainly by mechanical engineers after the world for more than fifty years.

In addition to this, Mrs. Van Pelt has been present for some years in literary philanthropic work. She was agent of the Red Cross association California and directed the work of the Red Cross nurses at the of the San Francisco earthquake fire. Her first invention was production of a combinal lock, which she patented several years ago, and which has since been adopted by the United States government for use on letter boxes, another invention—a new and proved style of letter box—was adopted by the postoffice department, and of which are now being used in the larger cities of the east.

High School Team.

The High school football team left this morning at 8 o'clock Madisonville, where the lads will play the Madisonville High school team and several rosters appeared. Last night was doubtful whether the game would be played, but early this morning the Madisonville boys telephoned the team to come. High school from Madisonville here several weeks, and expect to repeat the trick.

IN SOCIAL CIRCLES

Beautiful Church Wedding Last Evening.

A wedding of wide social interest which was most beautiful and impressive in its solemnization was that of Miss Lillie May Winstead, of this city, to Mr. John Swift Montgomery, Jr., of Thomasville, Ga., last night at the Broadway Methodist church. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. H. Roberts, of Jackson, Tenn., an uncle of the bride, assisted by the Rev. G. T. Sullivan, D. D., of the Broadway Methodist church. A brilliant assemblage of personal and family friends of the popular bride witnessed the ceremony.

The church was most effectively decorated. The altar was entirely of palms and southern smilax, making an attractive background for the grouped bridal party. The pipe organ was almost veiled in the southern smilax, which was also twined about the altar lights and used with graceful effect about the doorways. The wedding colors white and yellow were emphasized by sheafs of the yellow and white Japanese chrysanthemums arranged about the altar rail, alternating with the palms. The windows were banked with palms.

The musical program was an especially beautiful feature. Miss Adah Brazelton was at the organ and played "The Bridal Song" from the "Wedding Symphony," by Goldmark, and the "March Solennelle," by Lemaire, preceding the arrival of the bridal party. Mrs. John Brooks sang "The Isle of My Dream" and "I Love You Truly." The "Bridal Chorus," from Lohengrin, was charmingly sung by a double quartet as the bridal party entered. The singers were: Mrs. John Brooks and Miss Julia Scott, sopranos; Mrs. Samuel Hubbard and Miss Maymie Dryfus, altos; Mr. John U. Robinson and Mr. Slavin Mall, tenors; Mr. Robert Scott and Mr. Robert D. MacMillan, basses.

The bridal procession was exceedingly pretty. The three maid-aides of the church were Miss May Owen and Miss Laura Jobe, of Jackson, Tenn., led, advancing singly down the right and left aisles. They were followed by Dr. I. B. Howell and Mr. Bruce Edenton, of Jackson, Miss Eva Louise Taylor and Miss Blanche Hills, alternated with Mr. Douglas Bagby and Mr. George D. Hols. Miss Rella Coleman and Miss Mary Louise Roberts, of Jackson, Tenn., were followed by Mr. Howard Foss and Mr. Walter Hammond, of Thomasville. The three matrons of honor, Mrs. Fendren Mitchell, of Thomasville, Ga., the sister of the bridegroom; Mrs. George Tinker, of New Orleans; and Mrs. Paul Province, came singly down the center aisle, followed by Messrs. Joseph Exall, David Koser and Wallace Well. The men formed a group outside the church rail on either side, while the matrons of honor and the bridesmaids ascended into the altar and formed a picturesque circle, the matrons in the center.

The maid of honor, Miss Corinne Winstead, the sister of the bride, followed by little Miss Lena Utterback, the ring bearer, immediately preceded the bride down the center aisle. Miss Winstead entered with her father, Mr. Samuel Huston Winstead. The bridegroom and his best man, Mr. Irwin McIntyre, of Thomasville, came from the choir room and met the party at the altar, where the ministers waited, and the beautiful ring ceremony was impressively pronounced.

To the Mendelssohn wedding march as a recessional the bridal party left the church by the center aisle in the following order: Bride and bridegroom; ring bearer; Miss Corinne Winstead and Mr. Irwin McIntyre; Miss Mary Louise Roberts and Mr. H. C. Foss; Miss Rella Coleman and Mr. Walter Hammond; Miss Blanche Hills and Mr. George DuBois; Miss Eva Taylor and Mr. Douglas Bagby; Miss Laura Jobe and Dr. I. B. Howell; Miss May Owen and Mr. Bruce Edenton; Mrs. George Tinker and Mr. David Koser; Mrs. Fendren Mitchell and Mr. Joseph Exall; Mrs. Paul Province and Mr. Wallace Well. The maid of honor and the best man and alternating couples crossed as they entered the aisle to leave the church.

The bride was a picture of loveliness in a diaphanous wedding gown of ivory satin with sleeves and yoke of exquisite lace and pearl passementerie. A chaplet of orange blossoms caught the bridal veil. She wore the bridegroom's gift, a beautiful diamond and pearl brooch, for an ornament. The bridal bouquet was a chateau of bride roses and lilies of the valley.

Miss Corinne Winstead was charming in a graceful diaphanous costume of yellow satin messaline and lace with gold embroidery. The tone of her costume was repeated in the sheaf of yellow chrysanthemums she carried. She wore a wreath of yellow ribbon flowers and gold leaves in her hair.

The matrons of honor wore picturesque costumes of white lace over white satin and the yellow diaphanous. They carried yellow chrysanthemums.

The bridesmaids were lovely in effective yellow satin messaline diaphanous gowns trimmed with gold fringe and white lace. They wore bandeaus of yellow ribbon in their hair, which was arranged in the psycho effect, and carried yellow chrysanthemums.

The ring bearer was a dainty picture in yellow net over yellow satin, prettily toned with her gold hair. She carried a calla lily, which held the ring.

The bridal party and out-of-town guests were informally entertained

NATURE SPARES
The Stricken Rose From Grief.

What a fortunate provision of nature it is, that deprives the rose of mental suffering; for how poignant would be its grief to discover, in the height of its blooming glory, that a canker fed at its heart, and that its beauty and fragrance were doomed forever. Nature always spares the suffering; she is a veritable storehouse of pleasing rewards, for those who seek her aid. In the years gone by, falling hair and grayness have cast a gloom over the lives of thousands of young women, but thanks to the investigations of scientists the true cause of hair destruction is now known to be a germ or parasite that burrows into the hair follicles. Newbro's Herpicide absolutely destroys this germ, thus permitting the hair to grow as nature intended. Sold by leading druggists. Two sizes, 50c, and \$1.00. Send 10c. in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, agents.

Mich. R. W. Walker Co. Special

at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Huston Winstead after the ceremony. The rooms were charmingly decorated with the southern smilax and superb yellow and white chrysanthemums.

In the dining-room the bride's table was a beautiful effect in the wedding colors. The table was draped in a Cluny lace cover, bordered with yellow chrysanthemums and smilax. Rows of table were on the four corners and the chandelier was wreathed with yellow tulle and smilax. The center-piece was a pyramid of the bride's special flower. It was the artistic work of Mrs. Milton G. Cope, of Paducah. Yellow and white ribbons depended from the cake, to which the bridal good luck souvenirs were attached.

Miss May Owen drew the ring; Miss Blanche Hills, the dime, and Miss Laura Jobe, the needle. For the men Dr. Howell won the button and Mr. Walter Hammond, of Thomasville, the dime.

The "Wedding Book" was presided over by Mrs. John Brooks in the reception hall.

The bride's bouquet was caught by Miss Laura Jobe, of Jackson, Tenn.

A delightful salad course luncheon with orange ice was served in the dining room and fruit traps in the hall.

A flashlight picture of the bride's party grouped about the bride's table was taken during the evening. The wedding gifts were beautiful and numerous and included quantities of silver, cut glass and china. A silver service from the parents of the bride and a beautiful cut glass electric trolley from Thomasville, Ga., were especially noticeable. Many of the presents were from other cities, an evidence of the wide popularity of the young couple.

The bride's gifts to her maids were exquisite vell pins with orange blossoms and oranges enameled in the colors, carrying out the wedding colors. The men attendants received from the bridegroom handsome scarf pins of jeweled set dragons' heads.

A number of beautiful and elaborate costumes graced the evening.

Mrs. Winstead, the mother of the bride, was handsome in a diaphanous gown of lavender messaline satin, trimmed with jeweled lace.

Mrs. Andrew K. Jobe, of Jackson, Tenn., wore an effective costume of black with touches of jet.

Miss Audrey Barry, of Reading, England, was strikingly handsome in an evening dress of white satin and silver.

Mrs. Ed Thomas, of Fulton, the guest of Mrs. Paul Province, was handsomely gowned in white silk and lace.

Miss Eunice De Bard, of McMinnville, was fetching in a rose satin messaline diaphanous gown trimmed in self-toned bands of lustrous passementerie, that enhanced her southern beauty.

Among the out-of-town guests present for the ceremony, in addition to those in the wedding party, were: Mrs. J. H. Roberts, Mrs. D. C. Newman, Mrs. A. K. Jobe, of Jackson, Tenn.; Judge John Swift Montgomery, of Thomasville, Ga.; Miss Ruby Winn, Miss Minnie Wynn, Miss Mabel Norman, Mr. Jewel Taylor, of Mayfield; Mr. George Tinker, of New Orleans.

Mr. and Mrs. Montgomery left at midnight for an eastern wedding trip. They will be in Jackson, Tenn., December 3, when Mrs. Montgomery will be matron of honor to her friend, Miss Laura Jobe, who marries Mr. Paul Russell, of Jackson, on that date. After December 5 they will be at home at Thomasville, Ga.

The bride's going-away gown was a Cunard blue chiffon broadcloth coat suit trimmed in bands of silk braid of the same shade, and a net blouse. She wore a Cunard blue velvet tricorn hat and blue boots and gloves.

Beautiful Reception for the Home of the Friendless.

The annual Thanksgiving reception for the Home of the Friendless was held yesterday afternoon at the Woman's club building and despite

Economy in the Kitchen.

Many dollars may be saved each month by ordering from the grocer only those articles that go the farthest and really have good food value for the money expended. For illustration, one package of "OUR-PIE" Preparation will make two large pies that are simply delicious and sure to please all who taste them. Nearly every grocer in the country sells these goods. Try a few packages and you will buy often. Lemon, chocolate and custard.

The incident afternoon was largely attended. The board of directors of the Home received downstairs and in the dining-room upstairs, where coffee and sandwiches were served. The donations received for the Home were most generous and represented articles of food, clothing, household effects and money. Many gifts were sent direct to the Home. The pupils of Miss Alice Compton's school sent a barrel of apples to the children.

Mrs. Helen Sterns, of 819 Broadway, was removed from the Riverside hospital to her home yesterday afternoon.

Attorney Charles C. Grassham returned last evening from London, where he has been on business.

Hon. J. C. Speight, of Mayfield, is in the city on business today.

Mr. A. J. Johnson, of Fulton, is visiting in the city.

County Attorney Alben Barkley will address the First Congressional Educational association, which will meet at Benton tomorrow, on the "Majesty of the Law."

Mr. R. L. Bishop, of Lowes, is visiting in the city today.

Mr. B. R. Newport, of Fulton, is visiting in the city today.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Walker, of Fontella, Va., who are now visiting in Dyersburg, Tenn., on their wedding trip, will arrive here next Tuesday and will be at the Palmer House Tuesday and Wednesday. Mr. and Mrs. Walker expected to arrive Friday, but have postponed their visit.

Walker and Catherine Winfree, of Tenth and Jefferson streets, are spending Thanksgiving in Louisville.

Mrs. Edmund M. Post, 619 Kentucky avenue, left today for Nashville, Tenn., to meet her son, Joseph Fowler Post, who is attending the Sewanee Military Academy, and will be in Nashville to witness the football game between Sewanee and Vanderbilt teams.

JURY IN WELLS CASE

(Continued from page one.)

best citizens in west Kentucky received a majority of 10 votes, Will Hatcher claims he was elected.

The trouble clouds now hanging over the county and considered more serious than at any previous time in all of the 50 years' history of stormy politics in Calloway county, were all caused by the split in the organization of the Democratic county committee Monday. The element which has opposed Judge Wells in his efforts to suppress night riding claimed the election of eight of the fourteen precinct committeemen in the county, but when the meeting to elect a chairman was called to order by J. H. Coleman, the retiring chairman, it was discovered that five of the eight claimed had no credentials and it was ordered that business proceed with the remaining nine. This precipitated the bolt and two chairmen were elected, N. L. Chrisman by the regular committee recognized by the chairman, and John H. Keys by the opposition.

After his elevation to the chairmanship of his committee, Mr. Keys made a speech that people of Murray declare was responsible for the present feeling. Mr. Keys' remarks were flavored with venom and passion and excited his supporters to the greatest pitch of frenzy. He was loudly cheered and during the demonstration in which leaders of the men indicted for night riding participated, threats were reported to have been made by some of the number.

It was upon this information that Judge Wells hurriedly called Governor Willson by telephone and asked that the order, withdrawing troops from the county, be rescinded for the present which action was promptly taken by the governor.

The real cause of the present activity of the factions is believed to be the approaching election of a circuit judge and commonwealth's attorney in the Third judicial district. Judge Cook, the present judge, is a candidate to succeed himself and he has the bitterest opposition in his home county. John Keys has always been one of his chief advisers in his previous races and is again at the helm. Opposing him is practically every lawyer at the Murray bar and many of the leading citizens and politicians in the county.

Notwithstanding the strenuous opposition it is generally conceded that Cook will be re-nominated because of his strength in Lyon and Trig counties. To defeat him the opposition in Calloway and Christian counties propose if necessary to put out an independent ticket to support the Republican nominees at the general election, while a fusion ticket with a strong Republican for judge and a law and order Democrat for commonwealth's attorney is most desired.

Want Brethitt.

In Calloway county there is a strong demand for Judge James Brethitt, at present attorney general, to make the race for circuit judge. He is popular in Calloway county, having served one term as judge and made an enviable record. Next to Judge Brethitt Judge Walter Downman, of Hopkinsville, is most talked of. Judge Downman is conceded to be one of the best lawyers in west Kentucky and is known to be opposed to night riding. For commonwealth's attorney Judge Wells, of Calloway county, is only considered, though he has never announced whether he would accept the nomination. His course in the last year indicates that he would make the race if such was necessary to restore order in the district, even though it would require the sacrifice of political aspirations.

THERE R
Heaters & Heaters

But the heaters that heat are the heaters that Hart sells. Hart's line of heaters this season are the best yet. They have so many improvements over last season. Take a look!

GEO. O. HART & SONS CO.

Incorporated.

WANT ADS.

FOR RENT—Modern six room cottage 1104 Jefferson. Phone 222.

FOR SALE—Linen markers at this office.

WANTED—Two lady solicitors. Apply 307 Kentucky avenue.

ROOMS for light housekeeping. 313 Madison.

WANTED—Cheap work horse. Geo. Skelton, 828 South Tenth. Old phone 921.

CONTRACTOR Weikel has moved his office from 126 South Fourth street to the Fraternity building.

LOST—Sunday, small gold watch on street car No. 67. Reward for return to this office.

THE ONLY wood and coal yard in the city. Johnston Fuel Co. Phones 203.

USE OUR Coffee and Teas. Direct Coffee Co., F. M. Milburn, agent. Old phone 231.

WAGONS and buggies for sale at bargain. Call and see them. Sexton Sign Works, corner 16th and Madison streets. Old phone 401.

FOR SALE—Desirable residence; 7 rooms, bath, hot and cold water, etc. Desirable location. For further information address A. A. care Sun.

J. E. MORGAN horse shoeing, general repairing, rubber tires, 408 South Third.

FOR RENT—Two-story frame residence 201 Fountain ave. Apply to L. M. Riecke.

ROOMS and BOARD—Nicely furnished, with fire, bath and electric lights. 408 Washington.

FOR RENT—136 acres, part of the Maxon farm on the Hinkleville road. Apply E. H. Puryear's office. Register building.

STRAYED—Red muley cow with white face and breast, 3 years. Any information will be received by W. C. Killough, general delivery, city.

WANTED—Board by man and wife near I. C. shop. Private family preferred. Apply 1936 Monroe street old phone 1109.

WE WASH lace curtains very carefully. Get them cleaner and whiter than you could at home. Star Laundry. Phone 200.

YOUR LACE curtains need cleaning. You will make no mistake in sending them to the Star Laundry. Phone 200.

IF YOU WANT Oak Stove or Heating Wood any time during the year, and cut the length you want, call 203. Johnston Fuel Co.

IF YOU have James Duffey to do your cleaning and pressing your clothes will always look like new. Old phone 338-a.

IF YOU WANT Kentucky or Pittsburg coal that will please you, at reduced prices, call 203. Johnston Fuel Co.

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping, very reasonable. References. Address M. care Sun.

TURNING CHAIR posts, calining chairs, general repair work. John Hutcherson, 526 South Fourth street. Old phone 1201.

FOR RENT—5-room house, 410 S. 10th. 90 foot lot, high and dry. Both hot and cold water. Modern plumbing. J. A. Rudy, 219 Broadway.

MULES WANTED—We will be at James A. Glauber's stables Saturday November 28, to buy mules and horses from 4 to 8 years old. C. H. Layne & Co.

FOR SALE—Small place, 5 acres, short distance from city. Nice dwelling; just the place for gardening and raising poultry. Address Tony Lieberman, 4th and Broad, or phone 693.

WE STARCH lace curtains. Just the degree of stiffness that makes them hang nicely, and dry them upon frames that make them square, and stretch them smooth and even. Star Laundry. Phone 200.

FOR SALE—At a big bargain, two good horses 8 and 9 years old, city broke. These horses have been on farm three years. Not afraid trains or automobiles. Also one farm wagon, used one season, in fine condition. For further information ring 435.

SEE A DEMONSTRATION of the Perfection Oil Heater at the Noah's Ark store.

\$5.00 WILL BUY a thoroughbred Scotch poodle (female). Address F. R., care Sun, or old phone 2179.

HAIR GOODS made to order. Shampooing, clipping, singeing and dyeing. Louvenia Miller, No. 828 South Fifth street. Old phone 274-a.

HAIR WORK, shampooing wet or dry, scalp treatment, dyeing, singeing, bleaching and opera wigs dressed. Lillian Robinson, 712 South Sixth. Old phone 2114.

Mrs. D. L. Adams represents Cosmopolitan Fire Insurance Company, of New York. Your insurance selected. Old phones: Office 1116-a; residence, 697.

WANTED—Diamonds can be bought on easy payments for holiday presents. Get our offer. Call early, 315 Broadway, Eye See Jewelry and Optical Co.

THE PADUCAH Harness & Saddle Co. will repair your harness good as new at reasonable price. Will save you money on collars and saddles. 208 Kentucky avenue.

FOR SALE—The best logging outfit in the state cheap. Will trade for lumber. The Fooks Lumber Co., incorporated, 1001 to 1027 Monroe St., phones 1276.

WANTED—You to know we recover umbrellas while you wait. Also largest line of fine umbrellas in city. Eye-See Jewelry and Optical Co., 315 Broadway.

TYPEWRITERS—For rent, first-class high-grade typewriters \$2.50 to \$4.00 per month; some fine rebuilt typewriters for sale; bargains. The Smith Premier Typewriter Co., incorporated, Room 10 Trueheart building.

REPAIR SHOP—Brackets, columns, balustrades, head blocks, shelves, book cases and wagon beds turned. All kinds of furniture repaired, stained and varnished. Carpenter work done at reasonable prices. W. J. Perryman. Old phone 1018.

ILLINOIS COAL & FEED COMPANY, dealers in the best Union mined coal sold in Paducah. Lump, Egg or Nut at 12 cents per bushel delivered anywhere in the city. Office and yards 16th and Tennessee streets. New phone 733. Old phone 658.

WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY—Able-bodied unmarried men between ages of 18 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, New Richmond House, Paducah, Ky.

Two Views.

De Witt—She moves like a swan on the water.

De Witt—Do you think so? Now, my idea has always been that she moves like a duck going after a grasshopper.

The Noxall will leave tomorrow for Bay City with a large of freight.

Sir. Bettie Owen Ferry

For information apply to A. J. Hogan, Waiters-room.

190 Kentucky avenue Phone 787.

BIG FAT OYSTERS

S.S.S. FOR RHEUMATISM

Rheumatism is caused by an excess of uric acid in the blood, which gradually gets into the circulation because of indigestion, constipation, weak kidney action, and other irregularities of the system which are sometimes considered of no importance. This uric acid causes an inflamed and irritated condition of the blood, and the circulation instead of nourishing the different portions of the body, continually deposits into the nerves, muscles, tissues and joints, the irritating, pain-producing acid with which it is filled. Rheumatism can only be cured by a thorough cleansing of the blood, and this is just what S. S. S. does. It goes down into the circulation, and by neutralizing the uric acid and driving it from the blood, effectually and surely removes the cause. S. S. S. strengthens and invigorates the blood so that instead of a weak, sour stream, causing pain and agony throughout the system, it becomes an invigorating, nourishing fluid, furnishing health and vigor to every part of the body and relieving the suffering caused by this disease. S. S. S. being a purely vegetable blood purifier, is the surest and safest cure for Rheumatism in any of its forms. Book on Rheumatism and any medical advice desired sent free to all who write.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Mr. Rockefeller's Opinion of Harvard.

Almost the first words after he had greeted me were: "Are you a college man?"

Upon my affirmative reply, he asked: "What college?"

"Harvard," I replied.

"Isn't that an un-Godly place?"

Then, as if perfectly assured that it was, he waited for no response, and remarked to the clergyman:

"There is too little of Christ's teachings in that institution, too much of freethinking philosophy. I much pre-

fer the smaller religious colleges in the west—Oberlin, for instance. There religion and study are mingled so as to produce God-fearing men and women.

"Don't you think so?" he asked.

"Most emphatically," Mr. Rockefeller, both clergymen agreed—Collier's for November.

Nature doesn't permit babies to talk under a year, so they can learn all the queer kinds of language women use to them.



When the Furnace Fails

On many a cold winter morning you will wake to find the fires "out." What are you going to do about it—shiver? Prepare now for the emergency with a

PERFECTION Oil Heater

(Equipped with Smokeless Device)

and you'll have genial, glowing heat—instantly—wherever you want it—without smoke or smell—smokeless device prevents—turn the wick as high or as low as you like. Easily carried about. Brass font holds 4 quarts of oil—burns 9 hours. Handsomely finished in Japan and nickel. Every heater warranted.

The **Rayo Lamp** makes cherry the long evening—brilliant, steady light for reading or sewing. Made of brass, nickel plated and equipped with the latest improved draft burner. Every lamp warranted. If your dealer doesn't carry the Perfection Oil Heater and Rayo Lamp, write our nearest agency for descriptive circular.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY (Incorporated)



ESTABLISHED 1874. THE CITY NATIONAL BANK PADUCAH, KENTUCKY. UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.

Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits\$400,000 00
Shareholders Responsibility 200,000 00
Total Responsibility to Depositors 600,000 00
S. B. HUGHES, President. J. J. FRIEDMAN, Vice President.
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INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

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Good Workmanship First-class Material SQUARE DEALING

Have built up the largest plumbing business in Western Kentucky. My object is to make it larger. Estimates free.

ED D. HANNAN

Plumber Steam Fitter
Both Phones 201 132 South Fourth St.

W. F. Paxton, President. R. R. R. Cashier. P. P. P. Assistant Cashier.

CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK

(Incorporated.)
Third and Broadway.

City Depository State Depository

Capital\$100,000
Surplus 50,000
Stockholders Liability 100,000

Total security to depositors\$250,000

Accounts of individuals and firms solicited. We appreciate small as well as large deposits and accord to all the same courteous treatment.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

OPEN SATURDAY NIGHTS FROM 7 TO 8 O'CLOCK.

NEW FASHION SET IN STATE PAPERS

President's Message Concludes Remarkable Series

Congressmen Gain in Freshness What They Lose in Antiquated Style.

DIFFERS FROM PREDECESSORS

Washington, D. C., Nov. 26.—Congress will meet Monday December 7. The next day President Roosevelt will send in his farewell message, so far as regular annual communications are concerned. This will be the formal conclusion of the most notable series of state papers ever written in the United States.

President Roosevelt has not hesitated to bombard congress with special messages on all sorts of subjects. He has kept the solons on the hill busy with suggestions and has pursued the policy of fixing the responsibility for legislation upon congress.

Besides these special messages, however, the president's regular communications to congress have embraced a wide range of subjects, treated in what must be admitted to be a statesmanlike manner and forming a valuable library of sociological, industrial, and political studies.

Up to within about ten years ago the messages of every president at the opening of congress were cast in pretty much the same mold. It was deemed to be a dignified thing to follow the lines of the British speech from the throne. There was a well recognized routine which was observed in the message of all presidents before Roosevelt, including McKinley.

As a general thing, no matter how vast the importance of some domestic topic, it was supposed to be the right thing to discuss with considerable gravity our relations with foreign nations.

Generalities of the Old Days.

Recommendations to congress were made on various subjects, but they were almost always in the form of general suggestions and were not usually backed up by strong arguments.

It was always possible to forecast messages pretty clearly, because they largely consisted of a rehash of reports made to the president by the heads of departments.

Now and then some great emergency called for special treatment, but on the whole bulky volumes of messages of presidents are rather dreary reading.

President Roosevelt has changed all this. He has undertaken to reform certain evils in our American system of life and he has given congress a series of remarkably strong arguments and studious discussions such as one might expect to find in a high grade magazine or review.

The old perfunctory references to foreign relations and the cut and dried routine of departments have disappeared entirely and the president's message at the opening of each session of congress has assumed an entirely new form.

To those who know the speed with which the president gets up these disquisitions on burning current topics it is little short of remarkable that they should be so uniformly readable. The president writes as fast as he talks, and although he sputters now and then with his pen, he generally manages to say something valuable and to get at the real root of an important discussion.

Work on Forthcoming Messages.

Just now the president is putting the finishing touches to his last regular message. He will not feel barred from sending in a few special communications during the coming short session, but public men are awaiting with great interest the regular message because they look upon it not so much as the swan song of the present administration but as a prophecy of things which are to be attempted under President Taft.

In spite of all that he has accomplished, Mr. Roosevelt still has a long list of things he would like to see done, and while it is likely that his farewell message may have somewhat of a plaintive tone to it, there will be subjects enough and to spare, most of which have been touched upon in previous communications, but all of which possess ideals too dear to the president's heart to permit him to pass them over in silence.

A Great Canadian Story.

Canada has become, in the past few years, a favorite field for American novelists, who find in its historic features, its old world leanings and its glistening, exhilarating winter life a constant source of inspiration. Emerson Hough, in his latest story, "The Warrant," published in the December Smart Set, has passed by the interesting St. Lawrence region of Canada and has written a strong romance of the bleak northwestern wilderness, where Doukhobors and Galician immigrants drag out their narrow lives, their hard, sordid monotony, broken only by occasional prying expeditions on the part of the northwest police. Out of this unromantic material Mr. Hough has evolved a magnificent story, which forms one of the Smart Set's features for the month.

Your Druggist Says

Ask Your Druggist

The great army of American druggists are mighty intelligent and well-educated men.

They know the properties of drugs and medicines, and have experience with all kinds of troubles, which people come into the store to ask relief for.

So their practical knowledge is very valuable, and their advice is worth a great deal to all sick people.

If you know your druggist well enough to ask his advice for your female trouble, do so, and he will tell you that thousands of women have written letters telling of relief obtained from taking Cardui.

In his experience, he has heard and read of many cases of female weakness, which have been relieved or cured by Cardui. So, when you ask his opinion, he will not offer a prescription, but will probably say: "Take Cardui." And you will do well to follow his advice.

Cardui is advised in all the common forms of womanly trouble, due to disorders peculiar to females.

It has been found to relieve or prevent headache, backache, side ache, dragging sensations, nervousness, irritability, irregularity, and general female weakness and misery.

Many thousands of sick ladies have been restored to health, by the use of Cardui, and have written to tell of the good it did them.

Cardui is composed of pure, vegetable ingredients—hence has no harmful effects, like many mineral compounds. It acts gently and naturally, is good for young and old, and should be in every lady's home, even if not an invalid, to take during her bad days.

What others, who have tried Cardui, say about it, should surely be of interest to you, as showing what you may expect it to do for you. Hence this letter from Miss Temple Clark, of Timberville, Miss., one of the thousands who have written in similar strain, will, we hope, be read by you.

She says: "Cardui has been worth more to me than a carload of silver. If it had not been for Cardui, I would have been dead. I love a dollar, but I have never seen one that I think as much of, as I do of a bottle of Cardui. I now keep it in my house, as regularly as I do coal oil or coffee, and have done so for years."

"Some years ago, I jumped off a horse and had a mishap, and for about 4 years after that, I suffered intense agony, irregularities, bearing-down pains, etc. At last I was induced to try Cardui, which cured me, and now I am well and happy."

"I assure that Cardui will cure other sick ladies as it me." Cards carried, as a standard remedy, on the shelves of reliable drug stores. Your druggist will recommend and will gladly sell you a bottle, with full directions for use, on the inside of the wrapper. If in doubt, ask him.

Write for 64-page Illustrated Book, "Home Treatment for Women," describing symptoms of Female Diseases and giving valuable hints on health, hygiene, diet, medicine, etc. for women. Sent free, postpaid. Address: Ladies' Advisory Dept., The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

VALUABLE BOOK FREE

Take CARDUI

LL 4

GEORGIA VOTE

REPUBLICANS NEARLY DOUBLE BALLOTS FOR ROOSEVELT.

Democrats Who Fought Black Supremacy Join Republicans Now.

Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 26.—The executive force in the office of Gov. Hoke Smith finished the work of consolidating the election returns for president and congressmen.

In the election of four years ago, Judge Parker, Democrat, received 83,472 votes; President Roosevelt received 24,603; and Watson, Populist, 22,635, giving the Democratic candidate a plurality of 59,469.

In the last election Bryan received 72,048 votes, Taft 41,603; Watson, Populist, 16,910; Hogen, Independent, 77; Debs, Socialist, 584; Prohibition, 1,058, giving Bryan a plurality of 30,445. Hence it will be seen that the Democratic plurality of 59,469 in 1904 was reduced to 30,445 in 1908.

The small vote received by the Independent ticket was a surprise, in view of the fact that the candidate for vice president, John Temple

Graves, is a native of this state.

Notwithstanding the fact that Watson, the Prohibition candidate, did practically all his campaigning in the state of Georgia, his vote dwindled from 22,635 in 1904 to 16,904 in 1908. Watson is a native Georgian and he made an impassioned appeal to his fellow-citizens to compliment him with the electoral vote of his home state, promising to deliver his votes to Mr. Bryan, if he needed them, although it was not clearly shown how this was to be accomplished.

Large Increase in Taft Vote. The surprise of the campaign was the large increase in the Republican vote, jumping from 24,604 in 1904 to 41,603 in 1908. In the election of 1904 ten counties in the northeast section of the state gave pluralities for President Roosevelt. In 1908 29 counties, widely scattered throughout the state, gave substantial pluralities for Judge Taft.

Of the 13 counties in the Seventh congressional district, nine of them gave large pluralities for the Republican ticket. The Democratic vote in this district was 6,929, against 7,731 for the Republicans, giving the Republican ticket a plurality of \$02. The Democratic candidates for congress had no opposition.

Reason for Republican Gain. The large Republican gains are believed by many to be the result of the recent amendment to the constitution disfranchising the negro vote.

Sprinkler Equipment

We will furnish estimates for all kinds of sprinkler equipment for fire protection.

ARAM L. WEIL & CO.

Campbell Building, Paducah, Ky.

While the war was inoperative in the recent election and quite a number of negroes left, it is nevertheless true that a genuine southern white man, who heretofore voted the Democratic ticket in order to preserve white supremacy, voted the Republican ticket this year, knowing that the negro who heretofore was eliminated from politics in Georgia.

In view of the fact that no campaign was made by the Republicans in Georgia speeches made and no literature distributed, the result is remarkable. It is freely predicted by many of the negroes eliminated from politics the Republicans will get some people—it's repulsive.

On the largest tobacco farm in the world, a 250,000-acre affair, near Amsterdam, Ga., is grown about a third of all the Sumatra tobacco used for cigar wrappers in the United States.

Plain duty is more than plain to some people—it's repulsive.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Health Talks

No man is stronger than his stomach. Make your stomach strong and you thereby fortify your system against the attacks of a long list of diseases which originate in the stomach and must be reached, if at all through the stomach. Thus torpid, or lazy liver, biliousness, dyspepsia, impure blood and various affections originate in weak stomach and consequent poor nutrition. The same is true of certain bronchial, throat and lung affections.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

Strengthens the stomach, invigorates the liver, purifies the blood making it rich, red and vitalizing and thereby curing the above and kindred affections

It's foolish and often dangerous to experiment with new but slightly tested medicines—sometimes urged upon the afflicted as "just as good" or better than "Gen Medical Discovery." The dishonest dealer sometimes insists that he knows it the proffered substitute is made of, but you don't and it is decidedly for your interest that you should know what you are taking into your stomach and system extending it to act as a curative. To him its only difference of profit. Therefore insist on having Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. If not promptly supplied elsewhere.

Send 31 one-cent stamps pay cost of mailing only on a free copy of Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, 1008 pages, cloth-bound. Address: World's Dispensary Medical Adviser, R. V. Pierce, M. D., Pres., Buffalo, N.Y. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and strengthen Stomach, Liver and Bowels.



Dr. J. C. Pierce

THE END OF THE \$50,000 SALE IS NOT FAR OFF

Only two days more in which to take advantage of the phenomenal economies offered by this Guthrie sale. You know that there are remarkable bargains to be had—every one has been talking about the \$50,000 sale. See to it that you get your share of these matchless savings. This is a sweeping sale of goods bought from the Ferguson-McKinney Dry Goods Company, of St. Louis. Most every line is being sacrificed at less than half manufacturers' cost. Hundreds of items are now being sold at one-third what you'll have to pay for them after this sale closes. Don't delay; attend the sale at once. If you have already partaken of the bargain, come again; there are new ones here for you. If you haven't come at once; you'll never forgive yourself for not grasping such unprecedented opportunity to economize as these.

Friday and Saturday Specials

\$1.25 Cotton Blankets, for, per pair	98c
Ladies Kid Gloves, the \$1 and \$1.25 quality	79c
Ladies Silk Hose, black and colors, pair	98c
Misses' and Children's Hose, worth 20c pair, very special Friday and Saturday, for	12 1/2c
One line Bed Spreads, full extra size, sold for \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00 and \$2.25, choice, while they last, each	\$1.29
The remnant of the stock in All-Wool Knit Fascinators and Shawls, worth \$1, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2, choice, each	39c
About 200 remnants of black and colored Wool Dress Goods from the Big Sale; 2 yards to 7 yard lengths, special for Friday	One-Half Off
36-in. Cambric Finished Bleaching, a regular 8 1/2c quality, per yard	5c
Full yard-wide Sea Island Cotton, never sold for less than 7 1/2c, while it lasts, per yard	4 1/2c
Apron Gingham, worth 7 1/2c, for per yard	4 1/2c
The best Calico made, bordered and plain, the yard	5c
Heavy Canton Flannel, the 10c kind, for, the yard	7 1/2c
Full 10-4 Bed spreads, only 15 in stock, the \$1.25 quality, while they last, each	75c
Heavy 10-4 Brown Sheeting, yard	22 1/2c
10 pieces Bordered Flannelette, worth 12 1/2c, Friday and Saturday, the yard	8 1/2c

This
\$25.00
Coat
\$19.95



Women's Tailored Suits

Prices will average \$5 to \$15 less than suits of the same character are marked in other stores.

Suits worth \$17.50, at	12.50
Suits worth \$30.00, at	22.50
Suits worth \$20.00, at	15.00
Suits worth \$22.00 and \$25.00, at	18.00
Suits worth \$32.50 and \$35.00, at	25.00
Suits worth \$37.50, at	30.00
Suits worth \$42.00, at	35.00
Suits worth \$55.00, at	40.00

Women's Coats and Waps

These prices will average from \$5 to \$17 less than the prices asked about town for garments of similar character.

Long Silk Taffeta Coats, many models	\$10.00 to \$25.00
Long Satin Coats, splendid assortment	\$18.50 to \$40.00
Broadcloth, Melton and Cheviot Long Coats	\$5.00 to \$40.00
Printzess Top Coats, 52 inches in length	\$15.00 to \$40.00
A new shipment of Misses' and Children's Jackets and Coats, from \$2.98 to \$15.00 the garment.	

Table Linens---Remarkable Values

Buy Thanksgiving Linens in this sale. There are values here which you will quickly buy. Our Great Linen Sale at this season has been an event for years; this time it will be greater than it has ever been before in every way—larger assortments—more unmatchable values—more beautiful styles.

Good quality Turkey Red Table Damask, 25c regularly, \$50,000.00 sale price 10c
Extra Quality Turkey Red Damask, 35c value 25c
White Damask of good quality, 35c value 19c
Fine Quality White Table Damask, with beautiful patterns, 50c always, during the big sale 35c

Fine Imported Linens, extra wide, 75c value, \$50,000.00 Sale price 49c
Fine Damask of superfine quality, \$1.25 regularly, sale price 75c
75 pieces of regular \$1.25 and \$1.50 Linens, in this sale 98c
A large quantity of Ferguson-McKinney's \$2.00 Table Linens on sale at \$1.25 and \$1.50
1,000 dozen of Napkins in this sale at less than manufacturers' cost. The Ferguson-McKinney people closed them out to us at a small price. Remnants and short lengths in Table Linens at one-third off the sale price. This means that you get them at about one-fourth price. Buy linens now. Lay in a large supply.

Black Wool Dress Goods in the Sale

54 inch All Wool French Broadcloth, sold for \$2.75, our sale price per yard \$1.50
Forty-five inch all wool heavy Melton Suiting, for tailored suits or separate coats, sold for \$2.25, our sale price, per yard 98c
Fifty-two inch Sicilian Cloth, sold for \$1.00, our sale price per yard 39c
Pure Silk Warp Henrietta, full 40 inch and 44 inch wide, sold for \$2.25, our sale price per yard \$1.29
Fifty-four inch French Broadcloth, sponged and shrunk, sold for \$4.00 a yard, our sale price per yard \$2.39

52 inch All Wool Black Broadcloth, sold for \$2.25, our sale price per yard \$1.19
46 inch All Wool French Tansie Cloth, sold for \$1.50, our sale price per yard 80c
38 inch All Wool Panama, sold for 85c, our sale price per yard 49c
46 inch All Wool High Lustre Silk Finish Henrietta, sold for \$1.50, our sale price per yard 80c
45 inch Black Chiffon Batiste, all wool, sold for \$1.50, our sale price per yard 98c

E. Guthrie Co.

Dress Goods Slaughtered in Sale

Thousands of yards of the season's best dress fabrics will be in this sale. The Ferguson-McKinney people had an enormous stock of these goods—we snapped up the best things. Here are items which mean lots to you if you will investigate:

54 inch All Wool French Broadcloth, worth \$2.75 per yard, for \$1.50

45 inch All Wool English Heather Stripe Suiting, sold for \$1.25 yard (in garnet and green effects only) during this sale, yard 50c

44 inch All Wool Navy Blue, Cord Check Taffeta Cloth, sold for \$1.25, our sale price, per yard 50c

54 inch Martel Melton Cloth, in navy, garnet and brown, sold for \$1.00 yard, our sale price 49c

Thirty-eight inch Novelty Wool Suitings, in plaids, checks and fancy mixture, regularly 50c, while they last, your pick for, per yard 27 1/2c

Genuine Astrachan which sold for \$5.00 a yard price \$1.95

Fifty-four inch Old Priestly Cravenette which at \$2.25 a yard, sale price \$1.29

Fifty-four inch Broadcloth, which sold for \$1.00 a yard, in the \$50,000.00 sale 30c

Fifty-four inch New Novelty Suiting, silk and mixtures, regular retail price, Guthrie sale price \$1.29

All wool 50 inch Portese Suiting, sold for \$1.00, garnet and navy, on price, per yard 80c

Fifty-four inch Old Heavy Bretonne Cloaking, grey only, sold for \$2.25, a price per yard \$1.19

Silks Included in the \$50,000 Sale

32 inch Black All Silk Taffeta, magnificent quality, a \$1.25 value, during the sale, per yard 79c

Yard Wide All Silk Guaranteed Black Taffeta, \$1.50 quality, our sale price, per yard 98c

36 inch Black All Silk Taffeta, worn guaranteed, an piece of goods which regular for \$2.00, in the \$50,000.00 yd. \$1.39

27 inch Black Effeta, high lustre, extra heavy guaranteed, regularly \$1.50, price 98c

BAPTIST MEETING AT KEVIL TONIGHT

West Union Sunday School Association.

Begins Three Day's Session With Interesting Program Prepared.

WEST UNION ASSOCIATION.

Tonight the first convention of the Baptist Sunday School Union of the West Union association and the fifth

Sunday meeting of the West Union association will meet at the Kevill Baptist church at Kevill for a three days' session. The meeting will be an interesting one, and the following from Paducah will attend: The Rev. M. E. Dodd, the Rev. J. R. Clark, the Rev. J. W. Bruner, Mrs. Frank Wahl, Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Bebout, Mrs. I. O. Walker, Mrs. J. R. Coleman, H. K. Lukens and A. M. Rouse. Several Sunday school workers of the city are on the program for addresses.

The Sunday school association was organized this summer for the improvement of the Sunday schools in McCracken and Ballard counties. The officers are: President, A. M. Rouse, of Paducah; vice-president, John W. Holt, of Barlow; secretary, E. R. Ransom, of Blandville; treasurer, J. W. Bruner, of Paducah.

The program for the Sunday school association is:

Thursday Evening.

Devotional Services—Rev. W. H.

Pittman.
7:00—Salvation by Grace, Not Works—Rev. J. M. Burgess.
7:45—An Open Bible for All the People—Rev. J. W. Bruner.

Friday.

9:30—Devotional Services—Henry Hog.

10:00—Scope and Purpose of the Sunday School Union—A. M. Rouse.

Discussion.

10:15—Teachers and Teaching

(a) Teacher Preparing the Lesson—J. H. Franklin, Tell Carmel; (b) Teacher Conducting Recitation—Mrs. I. O. Walker, Mrs. J. R. Coleman; (c) Building Up and Holding Class—E. R. Ransom, Rev. T. V. Shoemaker; (d) Primary Problems—Mrs. Frank Wahl.

Afternoon.

1:30—Devotional Services—Rev. G. E. Holt.

1:45—Relation of Church and Sunday School—Rev. M. E. Dodd.

Discussion by Rev. G. E. Holt.

2:15—Superintendent and Sunday

School—Rev. M. E. Dodd.

Discussion by Rev. G. E. Holt.

2:15—Superintendent and Sunday

School, (a), During Opening Exercises—John W. Gholson, H. K. Luker; (b) During the Recitation—E. Ransom, W. Z. Rozington; (c) Setting Teachers—L. L. Bebout.

45—Special Teaching (a) Temperance—Rev. T. M. Magee; (b) Missions—Rev. J. R. Stewart; (c) Divine—Rev. J. R. Clark.

30—Appointment of Committee—Special Business.

West Union Association.

The program for the West Union association, which will convene Saturday, will be:

Devotional Service, 9:30 a. m.—W. Bruner.

"The Need of Prayer in Missions," a. m.—T. M. McGee, J. A. Giles.

"The Needs and Increasing Demands in Missions," 11 a. m.—Dr. D. Powell, J. R. Clark.

Devotional Service, 1:30 p. m.—Jarrett Woodsides.

"Giving," 2 p. m.—J. R. Stewart, J. R. Clark.

"The Blessings in Giving," 3 p. m.—

J. D. Wilson, W. H. Pittman. Sermon, "The Mission of Baptism in the World," 7 p. m.—J. R. Stewart, M. E. Dodd.

Sunday, 11 a. m., sermon by Dr. J. G. Bow.

ANTI-JAPANESE

RIOTS TAKE PLACE AT HONG KONG, CHINA.

Two Hundred Rioters Break Into Shops and Loot Them—Much Damage Done.

Victoria, B. C., Nov. 26.—The steamer Tanager arrived last night from the Orient and reports that

while at Hong Kong there were serious anti-Japanese riots going on and many shops were looted by an organized mob of rioters, as a result of the effort of the government to put down the boycott against Japan on the part of the Chinese. Armed police were called out to disperse the mobs and twelve Chinese were arrested. The opening of the rioting was at the two go-downs of the Chinese firms of Kuo Sheng street. The firms dealt extensively in Japanese goods, particularly dried fish.

Shops Looted.

Two hundred rioters broke open the doors and threw goods to the value of \$6,000 into the street where they were destroyed or carried away.

The police dispersed the mobs, but they regathered, smashing doors open leaving the premises a shambles. At many places the rioters showed fight when the police came, and the police as a place to lay any

repowers of stones with which they were armed.

As the police fixed bayonets attempts at rescue of the rioters was made by Chinese merchants into importing Japanese goods boycott. One of the police movement was way-laid by his cars cut off.

Koskative Cough Syrup mowels gently. Contains no it is pleasant to take, especially like the taste of maple sugar. Sold by all

were married you sat down your life for used.

"he returned, solemnly confounded flat is so the police came, and the police as a place to lay any th—Harper's Weekly.

Dealers in only high grade Hay, Corn and Oats. Millers of CREAM msacked in 6, 12, 24 and 48 pound bags. Not genuine without our label. Ask ygrocer

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